

# BRING THE BLING JEWELER ACTIVITY



*[Master1305]. (2020). Jeweler at work [Image]. Freepik. [https://www.freepik.com/free-photo/jeweler-work-jewelry\\_9264928.htm](https://www.freepik.com/free-photo/jeweler-work-jewelry_9264928.htm)*

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[karnbadjatia]. (2015). Jewelry manufacturing [Image]. Pixabay. <https://pixabay.com/photos/jewelry-manufacturing-manufacturing-1381501/pixabay.com>

## BRING THE BLING: OVERVIEW

Do you like to work with your hands, get creative, and solve problems? Then a career in manufacturing might be just right for you! Workers in the Manufacturing career cluster sometimes work in factories or in businesses where they take materials and turn them into something new. One of the many careers that falls into this cluster is jewelry making.



A person who creates, repairs, or sells jewelry is called a jeweler. Jewelers might work for a larger company or own their own business. Every day, jewelers use their hands to create detailed pieces of jewelry and repair items that people cherish most. The life of a jeweler includes repairing jewelry, setting stones (diamonds, emeralds, rubies, etc.), creating jewelry items to sell in stores, and making custom orders. The average salary for a jeweler is \$18,000 -



\$30,000 per year. Highly qualified and experienced jewelers can make \$30,000 - \$75,000 per year.

To work in this field, you will need a high school diploma, but most of your training will come on the job or in the form of apprenticeships and extra classes. An apprenticeship is when someone new to a job works under an experienced person to learn a craft. Continued training throughout your career is required to become a master jeweler. Jewelers can add skill certifications through organizations such as Jewelers of America.

While you are in middle and high school, you can start making your own jewelry to understand the basics of jewelry making. There are many tutorials online that can inspire you, teach you how to get started, or teach you more detailed skills. You can also apply for jobs in jewelry stores to start learning more about the work.

To be successful in their jobs, jewelers need a wide range of skills, including:

- Analytical Skills. When repairs or custom orders are required, jewelers need to be ready to problem-solve and tinker to identify new solutions.
- Creativity. Jewelers can create their own custom pieces and styles. Customers might be looking for something unique, and creative jewelers can provide the one-of-a-kind piece they are looking for.
- Patience. Jewelry can take a lot of time to create. Jewelers also need to have steady hands as they work on small details.
- Ingenuity. Jewelers use both cutting-edge and traditional tools to give customers just what they want. Experienced jewelers can identify the right tool for the job and apply their skills to a variety of needs.
- Interpersonal Skills. Jewelers might also be entrepreneurs who own their own business and interact with customers daily. Jewelers need to be able to find what their customer needs and provide the required services.
- Dependability. Customers often trust jewelers with their most prized possessions. It is important that jewelers have integrity and be dependable to encourage repeat customers.

Keep reading to explore how jewelers use both traditional tools and newer technology to create wearable works of art.



### *Materials*

- Computer or tablet with Internet access
- Pencil or pen
- Sticky notes
- I Used to Think...But Now I Know activity (page 7)
- I Notice, I Wonder activity (page 9)
- Jewelry Design activity (page 10)
- Tug of War activity (page 12)

### *Activity Instructions*

1. See what the life of a jeweler is really like in the Zoom into a Career video featuring Oklahoma's own BC Clark Jewelers.
2. Explore how jewelry has changed throughout history with an interactive timeline, and then get inspired to design your own jewelry.
3. Learn about the tools jewelers use to make both custom and mass-produced jewelry. Then, test your own problem-solving skills by connecting tools to their names to decode a mystery phrase.
4. If you are ready for more, take a look at Jewel School, a YouTube channel with tons of videos that demonstrate how to create your own amazing wearable art.



## ACTIVITY 1: CAREER TALK

Before you start designing or making jewelry, take a few minutes to learn what it means to be a jeweler from a professional in the field. BC Clark is one of Oklahoma's oldest jewelry companies. So many people sing the company's jingle during the holiday season that it is almost an unofficial Christmas carol! (You can sing along here: [BC Clark Jingle.](#))



[MasterTux]. (2018). Magnifying glass [Image]. Pixabay. <https://pixabay.com/photos/magnifying-glass-diamonds-tweezers-3492305/>

### Materials

- Computer or tablet with Internet access
- Pencil or pen
- I Used to Think...But Now I Know activity (page 7)

### Instructions

1. Before you watch the video, write down what you already know about what jewelers do or what you think their workdays might be like in the “I Used to Think” column of the table on page 7.
2. Click [here](#) or go to <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1bxUx-SVI9U> to learn more about what it's like to be a jeweler and see the tools that jewelers use and the works of wearable art they create each day.
3. After viewing the video, reflect on the career talk by completing the “But Now I Know” side of the table.
4. What has changed about what you think jewelers do? What has stayed the same?



## I Used To Think...But Now I Know

| I Used To Think | Now I Know |
|-----------------|------------|
|                 |            |





## ACTIVITY 2: JEWELRY THROUGH HISTORY

When did people begin making jewelry, what materials have they used, and how has the styling of jewelry changed? As you visit the interactive timeline below, think about how jewelry has changed over time and how it has remained the same.

### *Materials*

- Computer or tablet with Internet access
- I Notice, I Wonder activity (page 9)
- Jewelry Design activity (page 10)
- Pencil or pen

### *Instructions*

1. Visit the Jewelry Throughout History Interactive Timeline at <https://tinyurl.com/jewelrystimeline>.
2. Using your I Notice, I Wonder sheet:
  - a. Write down what you notice about the jewelry and how pieces are similar or different.
  - b. Record any questions that you have about the jewelry or the jewelry-making process.
3. Now that you have had a chance to look at some jewelry for inspiration, it's time to design a piece of your own! Using the circle found on page 10, create your own unique design. Will it be a ring, a necklace, a brooch, or some other great piece? Use your imagination and make it your own.

**Note:** The timeline in step 1 contains just a few examples of jewelry found throughout time and around the world. Feel free to explore and search for other examples from other places and cultures. Think about what you know about using keywords to search (using the word jewelry and the place or time you want to search) and finding reliable sources as you search (well-known sources or websites that end with .org or .edu).





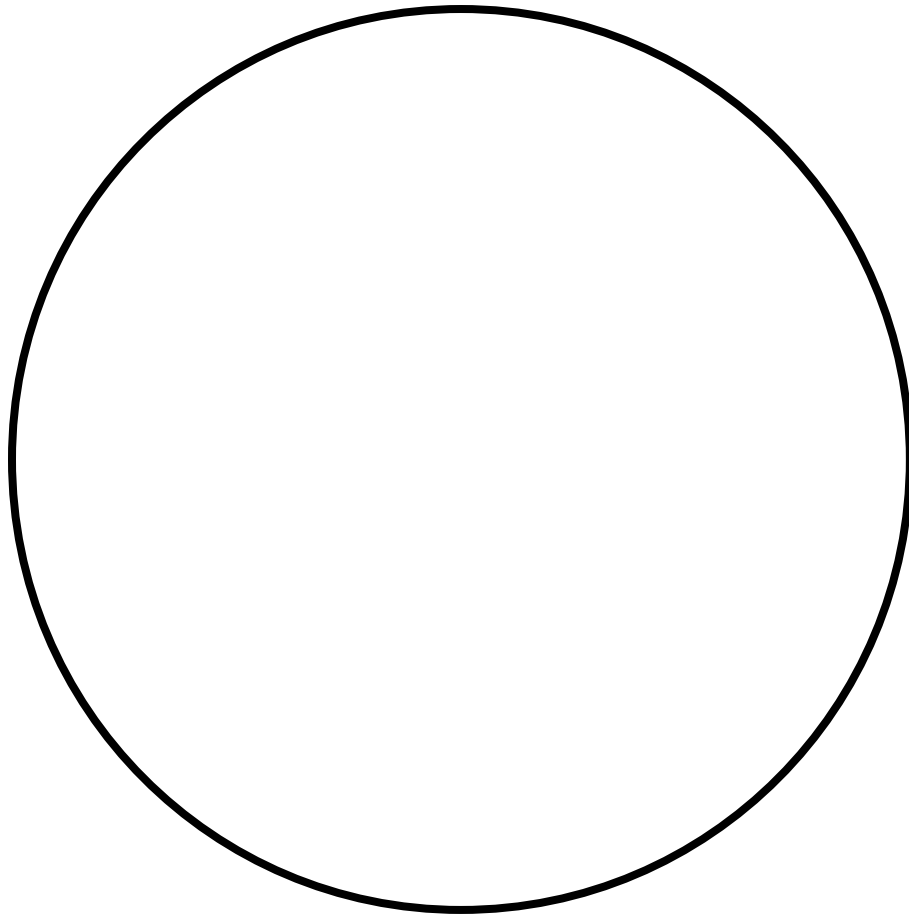
## I Notice, I Wonder

| I Notice | I Wonder |
|----------|----------|
|          |          |



## Jewelry Design

Turn this circle into any jewelry design you can imagine. Design a ring, a necklace, a brooch, or some other great creation.



## ACTIVITY 3: TOOLS OF THE TRADE

Jewelers use a wide variety of both cutting edge and classic tools. Some jewelers work to mass produce multiple copies of a type of jewelry while others handcraft original pieces. What is the best way to manufacture jewelry? This activity will help you determine which method is best.

### *Materials*

- Computer or tablet with Internet access
- Tug of War activity (page 12)
- Sticky notes
- Pen or pencil

### *Instructions*

1. As you watch the two videos below, think about the pros and cons of mass manufacturing versus custom designs. Record the pros for each type of design on sticky notes with one pro per sticky note.
  - a. Bobby White handmade jewelry: <https://youtu.be/kThxuHmQh5w>
  - b. Wax casting mass-produced rings: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GWVli5iY8BI>
2. Using the chart on page 12, rank your sticky notes from which has the strongest “tug” or argument for that choice to which has the weakest “tug.”
3. Once you have finished, decide which side has the strongest tug overall.
4. Consider your choice. Do you think others would agree or disagree?

### *Bonus Activity*

Can you name some of the tools that jewelers use? Click the link below to get a copy of the Tools of the Trade game. Using the line drawing tool, connect each tool to its name. Then, use the collection of letters that your lines pass through to decode a two-word mystery phrase.

<https://tinyurl.com/jewelrygame>

(Hint: The answer is at the bottom of the Sources list. No peeking!)



## Tug-of-War

|                     | Handcrafted Jewelry | Mass-Produced Jewelry |
|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Weakest → Strongest |                     |                       |



## EXTEND

Ready to try to make your own jewelry? Check out the Jewel School YouTube channel linked below for tips about tools and supplies and instructions for creating many types and styles of jewelry.

<https://www.youtube.com/user/jtvjewelschool>

### *Want to Learn More?*

You can also take a look at [My Next Move](#) or [Jewelers of America](#) to discover more about jewelers, what they do, and the knowledge, skills, and abilities needed in the field.

There are other careers related to being a jeweler that you can find [here](#) at [My Next Move](#). Jeweler isn't the only career to explore in the Manufacturing cluster. Check out the other careers classified as [Manufacturing](#) work to see even more options that let you work with your hands, create, and solve problems.



[Allphotobangkok]. (2014). Stone factory [Image]. Pixabay. <https://pixabay.com/photos/work-making-stone-factory-4678695/>



## SOURCES

All of the sources that were linked throughout the activity are listed below. Providing a list of sources allows us to give credit for the work someone else made.

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**Tools of the Trade Bonus Activity Answer: Jewel Tools**

