QUESTIONS: THE COLD WAR

1. What event marked the beginning of the Cold War?

- A) The collapse of the Soviet Union in 1991.
- B) The end of World War Two.
- C) The development of five-year plans in the Soviet Union.
- D) The construction of the Berlin Wall.

2. Why did the United States provide support to certain countries after World War Two?

- E) To promote communism.
- F) To strengthen the Soviet Union.
- G) To prevent the spread of communism and support democratic countries.
- H) To compete with the Soviet Union economically.

3. What was the primary economic strategy employed by the Soviet Union to control production?

- A) Free-market capitalism.
- B) Five-year plans.
- C) Supply and demand.
- D) Open elections.

4. Why did many East German citizens flee to West Germany?

- E) To escape the control of the United States and Great Britain.
- F) To experience life in a communist society.
- G) Due to better economic conditions in West Germany.
- H) To participate in open elections.

5. What was the main consequence of the Soviet Union's extensive military spending during the Cold War?

- A) Strengthening of the Soviet economy.
- B) Improved living conditions for ordinary citizens.
- C) Strain on the Soviet economy and its citizens.
- D) Successful takeover of Afghanistan.





6. What significant event allowed East and West German citizens to visit each other for the first time since 1961?

- E) The collapse of the Soviet Union in 1991.
- F) The formation of the Berlin Wall.
- G) The election of a new leader in East Germany.
- H) The removal of the Berlin Wall on November 9, 1989.

7. What were the two policies introduced by Mikhail Gorbachev to modernize the Soviet Union?

- A) Democracy and communism.
- B) Glasnost and perestroika.
- C) Capitalism and socialism.
- D) The Berlin Wall and the Cold War.

8. What was the primary goal of perestroika in the Soviet Union?

- E) To increase military spending.
- F) To strengthen communism.
- G) To reduce spending on military arms and focus on creating businesses.
- H) To promote inflation.

9. What was the main consequence of perestroika on the Soviet Union's economy?

- A) Increased wealth for most citizens.
- B) A stronger economy than before.
- C) High levels of inflation and increased government spending.
- D) Reduced government control over the economy.

10. What role did glasnost play in the collapse of the Soviet Union?

- E) It strengthened citizens' trust in the government.
- F) It allowed the press to openly criticize the government, leading to increased distrust among citizens.
- G) It promoted economic growth.
- H) It facilitated the expansion of communism.



