PODCAST RESOURCE FOR TEACHERS

This handout is designed to assist teachers in guiding students through the process of creating a podcast. It includes steps for podcast creation, equipment usage, and information on hosting platforms.

Steps to Making a Podcast

- 1. Plan the Podcast: Define the topic, target audience, and format (interview, narrative, entertainment, etc.).
- 2. Script the Episode: Write a script or outline to keep the episode structured.
- 3. Record Audio: Use microphones and audio recording software to capture the content.
- 4. Edit the Recording: Use editing software to remove mistakes and enhance audio quality.
- 5. Add Music and Effects: Incorporate music and sound effects to enhance storytelling.
- 6. Export the File: Save the edited podcast in a standard format (e.g., MP3).
- 7. Upload to Hosting Platform: Share the final podcast via a hosting site.

Podcast Equipment and Usage

- Microphones: USB or XLR microphones for high-quality sound.
 Built-in microphones on a Chromebook, smartphone, or iPad can also be used.
- Headphones: Closed-back headphones to monitor audio during recording.
- Audio Interface: Converts microphone signals for the computer (needed for XLR mics).
 This will not be needed for most USB mics or audio recorded using a built-in mic.
- Pop Filters: Placed in front of microphones to reduce popping sounds.
- Recording Software: Tools like Adobe Audition, Audacity, GarageBand, WeVideo, etc. for audio recording and editing.
- Quiet Space: Record in a quiet room or use foam panels to reduce echo and background noise.

Podcast Hosting Platforms

To publish and share your podcast, use one of the following hosting platforms:

- Your school's website
- YouTube (your school's account)
- WeVideo
- Spotify for Creators
- Podbean
- SoundTrap
- SoundCloud
- Soundation for Education

Tips for Success

Planning & Recording

Start with a script or outline.

This helps students stay organized and reduce rambling or dead air.

Record in a quiet space.

Even basic mics sound better in rooms with soft surfaces (like carpet or curtains).

Use headphones when editing.

Helps catch background noise, pacing issues, and low-quality segments.

• Keep episodes short (5–10 min).

Especially for younger students or first-time podcasters.

• Maintain consistent audio levels.

Audio levels (Decibels, aka dB) often must be raised or lowered throughout the episode to maintain a consistent level.

Royalty-free music and sound effects.

Explore copyright-free music and sound libraries to make podcasts more engaging.

Editing & Technical Skills

• Let students edit in pairs.

One can focus on audio, the other on pacing or music—great for collaboration.

• Use simple editing tools first.

Start with user-friendly platforms like **Soundtrap**, **WeVideo**, or **GarageBand**.

• Export in MP3 format.

It's widely compatible and easy to upload.

Instructional Strategies

Model a sample podcast first.

Let students hear what a polished product sounds like—and what to aim for.

Use podcasts across subjects.

Have students explain a science concept, reflect on history, or tell a fictional story.

• Create a rubric with students.

Let them help define what makes a podcast "great"—increases engagement and ownership.

Safety & Sharing

Review school media/privacy policies.

Especially if students' voices or names will be shared publicly.

Keep early projects private.

Use password-protected sites or share only within the class/school network.

Celebrate with a listening day.

Play student podcasts for peers, parents, or during open house events!