



# Moo, Cluck, Oink!

## What Do Animals on the Farm Need to Survive?



Katie Miller, Patricia Turner

Published by *Oklahoma Young Scholars/Javits*

*This work is licensed under a [Creative Commons CC BY-SA 4.0 License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/4.0/)*

**Grade Level** 1st – Preschool Grade  
**Subject** English/Language Arts, Science

### Essential Question

What do animals need to live and grow? How are farm animal habitats different from one another or the same? Why are farms important to us?

### Summary

Students love learning about animals. In this lesson, students will use research and data to study farm animals. Students will explore farm animals at various learning stations and use the information they gathered to compose a class book about farm animals. Included is an optional STEAM activity where students will create their own farm animals, focusing on how animals use their external parts to help them survive and meet their needs.

### Snapshot

#### Engage

Students start by listening to sounds from a farm. Then, using a KWL chart, the class documents what students already know about farm animals and posts these findings in the “What Do We **Know?**” column of the chart. Students then go on a virtual field trip to a farm and complete the “What Do We **Want to Know?**” portion of the KWL chart.

#### Explore

This part of the lesson begins with the creation of a farm animal word chart. Students then explore farm animals at a number of learning stations. What they learn in their centers then helps them answer the questions the class recorded on the KWL chart.

#### Explain

Students revisit the KWL chart and think about the questions the class generated earlier. Students participate in a discussion and work with Elbow Partners to complete the “What Have We **Learned?**” column of the KWL chart. The class then takes a survey to discover which farm animals are favorites of the class. These results are graphed and analyzed.

#### Extend

Students use their knowledge of farm animals to create a book about farm animals. Using essential questions to guide them, each student creates a page for a class book.

#### Evaluate

Students use the Think-Pair-Share strategy to respond to one or more of the questions from the class KWL chart. This response may be a verbal explanation, a written explanation, or a drawing. Student conversations are observed and evaluated using the attached Anecdotal Observation Record.

## Standards

### *Oklahoma Academic Standards (Pre-Kindergarten)*

**1.LS1.2.1:** Adult plants and animals can have young.

**1.LS1.2.2:** In many kinds of animals, parents and the offspring themselves engage in behaviors that help the offspring to survive.

**1.LS3.1.1:** Young animals are very much, but not exactly like, their parents.

### *Oklahoma Academic Standards (Pre-Kindergarten)*

**K.LS1.1:** Use observations to describe patterns of what plants and animals (including humans) need to survive.

**K.ESS3:** All animals need food in order to live and grow.

**K.LS1.1.2:** Animals obtain their food from plants or from other animals.

### *Oklahoma Academic Standards (Pre-Kindergarten)*

**PK.S.3:** Notice and describe similarities and differences among plants, animals, and objects.

## Attachments

- [Anecdotal Observation Record—Moo, Cluck, Oink!.docx](#)
- [Anecdotal Observation Record—Moo, Cluck, Oink!.pdf](#)
- [Facts About My Farm Animal Option 1—Moo, Cluck, Oink!.docx](#)
- [Facts About My Farm Animal Option 1—Moo, Cluck, Oink!.pdf](#)
- [Make a Farm—Moo, Cluck, Oink!.docx](#)
- [Make a Farm—Moo, Cluck, Oink!.pdf](#)
- [What Is Your Favorite Farm Animal—Moo, Cluck, Oink!.docx](#)
- [What Is Your Favorite Farm Animal—Moo, Cluck, Oink!.pdf](#)
- [What Products Do These Farm Animals Give Us—Moo, Cluck, Oink!.docx](#)
- [What Products Do These Farm Animals Give Us—Moo, Cluck, Oink!.pdf](#)
- [Where Do Animals Live and What Do They Eat—Moo, Cluck, Oink!.docx](#)
- [Where Do Animals Live and What Do They Eat—Moo, Cluck, Oink!.pdf](#)

## Materials

- Anecdotal Observation Record (attached)
- Chart paper and markers, whiteboard space, or similar
- Assorted books about farm animals
- Pencils, crayons, markers, or other drawing materials
- Scissors and glue sticks
- Materials for learning stations
  - Facts About My Farm Animal (attached, optional; one per student)
  - Make a Farm (attached, optional; one per student)
  - What Is Your Favorite Farm Animal handout (attached, optional; one per student)
  - What Products Do These Farm Animals Give Us handout (attached, optional; one per student)
  - Where Do Animals Live and What Do They Eat handout (attached, optional; one per student)
  - Blank paper (optional; several at each station)
  - iPads with
    - an application such as [Epic](#) (optional)
  - QR codes with URLs about informational texts and videos (optional; prepared in advance or found online)
  - Several dice (optional)
  - Magnetic letters or letter tiles (optional)
  - Letter stamps (optional)
- Art materials for optional STEAM project

- Newspaper, magazines, printouts, or old books with animal pictures for students to cut out
- Colored paper, feathers, foam, tape, scissors, glue, small boxes, and other three-dimensional art project supplies
- Paper, markers, colored pencils, and other drawing supplies student notebooks

# Engage

Start the lesson out by listening to some sounds that come from a farm ("[Real Farm Animal Sounds](#)"). Have students only listen to the video's audio without watching the video itself. Listen for about a minute.

## Embedded video

<https://youtube.com/watch?v=VskbwXTRL7U>

Move on to the "What Do We **Want to Know?**" portion of the KWL chart. Invite students to complete this column by having them generate questions about farm animals.

## Possible Student Responses

Students may suggest questions such as:

- Do all the animals eat the same kind of food?
- Do farm animals sleep?
- Where do farm animals live and sleep?
- Do farm animals play?
- How often do you have to feed them?
- Do we eat all farm animals?
- Do farm animals give us other products or things?
- Are chickens the only ones that lay eggs?
- There may be questions no one has ever thought of before!!!

# Explore

## Teacher's Note: Station Prep

Before starting the below activities, prepare a number of table stations for your students. These stations should help students answer some of the questions the class recorded on the KWL chart.

Suggested stations include:

- **iPad Center:** Students use iPads and an application such as [Epic](#) to explore farm animal songs, videos, and read-alouds.
- **iPad Research Center:** Students have an opportunity to research a farm animal. Supply QR codes to lead them to informational texts and videos. You can create your own QR codes using a QR code generator or you can purchase farm animal QR codes online.
- **Read to Self:** Students read and look through books about farms and farm animals. Many public libraries will let you check out collections for a long period of time.
- **The Writing Center:** Students write down facts they have collected on paper or on their **Facts About My Farm Animal** handout, researching one or more farm animals. This station provides research and writing time.
- **Cut and Paste:** Students learn about what products come from farm animals, cutting and pasting pieces from the attached **What Products Do These Farm Animals Give Us?** handout.
- **How Animals Eat and Sleep:** Students learn about where farm animals live and what they eat with the attached **Where Do Animals Live and What Do They Eat?** handout.
- **Make a Farm:** Using the attached **Make a Farm** handout, students roll dice to find how many of an animal of their choice to draw on their farm.
- **Word Work:** Using farm vocabulary, students build words using magnetic letters, identifying letter sounds to help them build.
- **Sight Word Work:** Students take time to stamp the farm vocabulary words and create a personal dictionary or word wall to use during their research. Letter stamps are required for this station.

Begin the next activity by adding to your farm animal word chart. Ask students to help you generate farm animal words based on the book or the video from the previous activity. The class can continue adding more words to the chart later in the lesson.

## Possible Student Responses

Suggested words to add to your word chart are:

- hen, rooster, eggs, comb, chick
- turkey, wattle, male, female, feathers
- duck, goose,  
white, speckled, brown, small, large, larger
- goat, nannies or does, bucks or billies, kids
- cows, udder, teats, milk
- pony, horse, hoof, measure using hands
- donkey, pig

Invite students to continue exploring farm animals at the prepared class stations. You can have students record their findings using paper provided at each center, or you can pass out to each student a copy of the attached **Facts About My Farm Animal** handout (and/or other handouts as mentioned above).

Rotating students through these stations may take 2-5 days depending on your choice of stations. Move to the Explain phase once your students have completed a full rotation through each station, as students will use the facts they have collected in their explorations for this next activity.

# Explain

Begin by revisiting the KWL chart and looking at the questions the class generated earlier. Read the questions one at a time, and have students give you a thumbs-up if they learned something that would answer that question. When this happens, have students turn and talk with an [Elbow Partner](#) before calling on them to give you answers. Add students' answers to the "What Have We **Learned?**" column of the chart. This class discussion can be split into multiple sessions depending on your class's attention span. This can also be a wonderful time to sing some of the songs, read an additional book, and add to the farm animal word wall.

Now that your students know more about animals, invite them to take a class survey of their favorite class animal and graph the results. Choose whether you would rather have each student create their own graph, create a class graph, or both. For individual graphs, pass out a copy of the attached **What Is Your Favorite Farm Animal?** handout to each student and supply markers or similar art supplies. Otherwise, use a single copy of the handout or create a larger version on a whiteboard space or projector.

Survey the class for each student's favorite animal. If applicable, have students color or use counters to mark each time an animal is mentioned as a classmate's favorite, or mark these on the class chart. When the graph is finished, don't forget to have the class analyze their data. The following questions can be used for this:

- How many students like the chicken?
- How many students liked the horse?
- Which animal was the favorite farm animal?
- Which animal was the least favorite?
- Who was liked more, the chicken or the pig?
- How many more students liked the sheep than the pig?

Additionally, you can ask students to generate questions that can be answered using the graph.



## Extend

Now that students have had the opportunity to learn some facts about farm animals, have the class think about the essential questions as you read them aloud. Allow time for discussion and clarification of ideas and facts.

- ***What do animals need to live and grow?***
- ***How are farm animal habitats different from one another or the same?***
- ***Why are farms important to us?***

Invite students to use their new knowledge of farm animals to create a class book about farm animals. Using the essential questions as a guide, have each student create a page for the class book. This can also be done in groups, where groups are formed based on class data.

When your class book is complete, share it with another class either in person or digitally. To do so, record your class reading the book, with each student taking a turn to read their own page. Upload the full recording to your class Seesaw or another secure online account.

## STEAM Option

For this optional activity, invite students to create their own farm animals. Students should be able to discuss the characteristics of their animal creation and explain the purpose of those characteristics. For example, a student might create a cow with feathers that help it stay warm in the field during winter. Students could also include their created animal's habitat and diet.

### Teacher's Note: Supporting Learners

Note that some students will know exactly what kind of animal they want to create and will have no trouble getting started. Others might benefit from having pictures from a magazine, printouts, or old books to cut and paste together.

Students' creations can be two- or three-dimensional.

Make sure to include time for students to present their farm animal creations to the class. Discuss ahead of time the guidelines and expectations for their presentation.

# Evaluate

Use the [Think-Pair-Share](#) strategy to have students explain (verbally or by drawing and writing their responses) to one or more of the questions from the class KWL chart. Consider having students choose the questions to be answered, or select the questions yourself. Monitor and observe student conversations and record students' understanding of the material with the attached **Anecdotal Observation Record** chart.

## Resources

- Höck, R. (April 2017). Real animal farm sounds without music, for children and parents - cow mooing for kids, Kuh muht [video]. YouTube. <https://youtu.be/VskbwXTRL7U>
- K20 Center. (n.d.). Elbow partners. Strategies. <https://learn.k20center.ou.edu/strategy/116>
- K20 Center. (n.d.). KWHL graphic organizer. Strategies. <https://learn.k20center.ou.edu/strategy/127>
- K20 Center. (n.d.). Think-pair-share. Strategies. <https://learn.k20center.ou.edu/strategy/139>
- South Florida PBS. (May 2016). Take a field trip to the animal farm | KidVision pre-k [video]. YouTube. <https://youtu.be/VskbwXTRL7U>