



Should I Stay or Should I Go?

The Great Migration



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Grade Level	11th Grade	Time Frame	60 minutes
Subject	Social Studies	Duration	1-2 class period(s)
Course	U.S. History		

Essential Question

Why do people move?

Summary

This lesson focuses on the reasons for the Great Migration, in which African-Americans left the South during the early 1900s. Students will analyze push and pull factors that led to the Great Migration, observe and summarize a painting series about the Great Migration, and listen to an author discuss her findings about the event.

Snapshot

Engage

Students identify four "mystery words" by examining images related to each word.

Explore

Students brainstorm possible push and pull factors that led to the Great Migration.

Explain

Students examine a painting series about the Great Migration and take notes about the event.

Extend

Students listen to an audio interview about the Great Migration and apply the event to their own experiences.

Evaluate

Students reflect on the essential question by using their new knowledge and prior experience.

Standards

Oklahoma Academic Standards (Social Studies: United States History (9th through 12th grade))

USH.3.2B: Analyze the impact of the war on the home front including the use of propaganda, women's increased role in industry, the marshaling of industrial production, and the Great Migration.

Attachments

- [Lesson Slides—Should I Stay or Should I Go.pptx](#)
- [The Great Migration Note Catcher—Should I Stay or Should I Go - Spanish.docx](#)
- [The Great Migration Note Catcher—Should I Stay or Should I Go - Spanish.pdf](#)
- [The Great Migration Note Catcher—Should I Stay or Should I Go.docx](#)
- [The Great Migration Note Catcher—Should I Stay or Should I Go.pdf](#)

Materials

- Lesson Slides (attached)
- Great Migration Note Catcher (attached; one per student)
- Notebook paper
- Pen/pencil
- Personal device (one per pair of students)

10 minutes

Engage

Guide the lesson using the attached **Lesson Slides**. Begin by displaying **slide 3**. Students will view the images and guess what the word might represent independently.

Move to **slide 4** and have students find a partner. Using the [30-second timer](#) embedded in the slide, ask students to use the [Think-Pair-Share](#) strategy to discuss what the mystery word might be based on the images. Ask for volunteers to share their thoughts about the mystery word, then reveal that the word is "north" and write it on the board.

Embedded video

https://youtube.com/watch?v=o9ViOMe_Wnk

Move to **slides 5-6** and repeat the process. After the timer expires, ask for volunteers and then reveal the word is "journey" or alternatively, "trip," and write it on the board as well.

Move to **slides 7-8** and repeat the process. After the timer expires, ask for volunteers and reveal that the word is "family" and write it on the board.

Move to **slide 9-10** and repeat the process. After the timer expires, ask for volunteers then reveal that the word is "jobs" and write it on the board.

Once all the mystery words are written on the board, have students and their partners discuss what they all have in common. Ask a few pairs to share out.

Once they have shared, reveal to students that they are going to learn about an historical event called the Great Migration in which many families moved north for job opportunities.

Move through **slides 11** and **12** and review the essential question and lesson objective.

10 minutes

Explore

Have students create a [T-chart](#) on a piece of notebook paper and ask them to label the columns with "Push" and "Pull."

Move to **slide 13** and ask students to think about some push and pull factors that led to African Americans migrating north in the early 1900s. Provide time for students to create a list of push and pull factors with an [elbow partner](#).

If necessary, remind students that push factors are reasons why people leave an area and pull factors are reasons why people move to an area. Ask for volunteers to share their thoughts and as students share, create a list on the board of push and pull factors.

Possible Student Responses

- Push factors: Discrimination, political oppression, lack of job opportunities, lack of economic opportunities, Jim Crow laws
- Pull factors: Job opportunities, economic reasons, land ownership possibilities, political freedom, educational opportunities

20 minutes

Explain

Pass out the attached **Great Migration Note Catcher** handout to each student. Move to **slide 14** and tell students to pair up on a personal device such as a laptop.

Ask students to navigate to the [Migration Series paintings by Jacob Lawrence](http://k20.ou.edu/migration). A shortened url, <http://k20.ou.edu/migration>, is provided for students on slide 14.

Have students view the paintings in pairs and read the provided captions. Explain to students that the captions were written by the artist before he created the paintings. The paintings and captions together tell the story of the Great Migration.

Students should use the Great Migration Note Catcher to summarize the causes for the Great Migration and the conditions workers faced once they moved north.

After students have taken notes on the paintings, ask for students to share the causes of the Great Migration and how life was different for African Americans in the North. Have a class discussion about the reasons for leaving the South and the different types of hardships that migrants faced in the North.

15 minutes

Extend

Open the "[Great Migration: Journey that Reshaped America](#)" NPR author interview that describes the Great Migration from journalist Isabel Wilkerson's perspective.

Move to **slide 15**. The link to the audio story is in the Lesson Slides notes for reference. Introduce students to the [Windows and Mirrors](#) strategy. Tell students to think about how the story Isabel tells is a window into other people's lives and how the story is a mirror into their own experience.

Have students write down their thoughts on a piece of notebook paper. Ask for volunteers to share their thoughts but only if student's feel inclined to share. The topic of migration might be personal to students and they may not feel comfortable sharing out to the class.

5 minutes

Evaluate

Move to **slide 16** and revisit the essential question: "Why do people move?". Ask students to reflect on what they have learned about the Great Migration and their prior knowledge to write a response to the essential question. Students can use their notebook paper to write their individual responses.

Collect the student's notebook paper and review their responses to assess understanding of the lesson content.

Resources

- *The Chicago Defender*. (1920). Great migration. Wikimedia Commons. https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Great_migration.jpg
- Jacob Lawrence The Migration Series. (2022). The Philips Collection. <https://lawrencemigration.phillipscollection.org/the-migration-series/panels/1/during-world-war-i-there-was-a-great-migration-north-by-southern-african-americans>
- K20 Center. (n.d.). Elbow Partners. Strategies. <https://learn.k20center.ou.edu/strategy/116>
- K20 Center. (n.d.). Think-Pair-Share. Strategies. <https://learn.k20center.ou.edu/strategy/139>
- K20 Center. (n.d.) Windows and Mirrors. Strategies. <https://learn.k20center.ou.edu/strategy/948>
- K20 Center. (2021, September 21). *K20 Center 30 second timer* [Video]. https://youtu.be/o9ViOMe_Wnk
- Staff, N. P. R., & Wilkerson, I. (2010, October 2). *The Great Migration: Journey That Reshaped America*. NPR. Retrieved May 31, 2022, from <https://www.npr.org/templates/story/story.php?storyId=130291351>