EVIDENCE

Term	Definition/Meaning
Proof	
Justify	
Geometric proof	
Types of proofs	

Reasons

Definition	Properties
 Definition of Angle Bisector Definition of Complementary Angles Definition of Congruent Angles Definition of Congruent Segments Definition of Linear Pair Definition of Midpoint Definition of Right Angles Definition of Segment Bisector Definition of Supplementary Angles Definition of Vertical Angles 	 Addition Property of Equality Distributive Property Division Property of Equality Multiplication Property of Equality Reflexive Property Substitution Property of Equality Subtraction Property of Equality Symmetric Property Transitive Property
Postulates	Theorems
 Angle Addition Postulate Linear Pair Postulate Segment Addition Postulate 	 Alternate Exterior Angles Theorem Alternate Interior Angles Theorem Angle Bisector Theorem Consecutive Interior Angles Theorem Corresponding Angles Theorem Midpoint Theorem Vertical Angles Theorem

Algebraic Proof

Given: 2x + 5 = 20 - 3x

Prove: x = 3

Statement	Reason
1. $2x + 5 = 20 - 3x$	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4. $x = 3$	4.

Creating a Proof

Given: AC = AB + AB

A B C

Prove: AB = BC

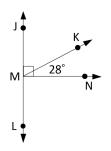
Statement	Reason
1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.

Párrafo de demostración

Completing a Proof

Given: ∠KMN = 28°

Prove: ∠JMN = 90°



Statement	Reason
1.	1.
2. ∠JMK and ∠KMN are complementary angles	2. Given
3. ∠JMK + ∠KMN = ∠JMN	3.
4. ∠JMK + ∠KMN = 90°	4. Definition of Complementary Angles
5.	5.