



Watch Out for Sharks!

Lesson Vocabulary



Essential Question

What is necessary to develop a business plan?



Lesson Objectives

Use elements of a business plan to create a business pitch.
Use mathematical models to represent real-world, business-plan scenarios.



Essential Components of a Business Plan

- Business Description
- Product/Service Description
- Market Analysis
- Marketing Strategy
- Operations Plan
- Financial Plan





Business Description



- What is your company name?
- Where will your business be located?
- How many employees are you going to have?
- What problem are you trying to solve?



Product/Service Description



- What is the name of your product or service?
- How is your product or service different from your competitors?
- What is your **selling price**?



Selling Price and Markup

- The **selling price** is the amount a customer will pay you for your product or service.
- The **markup** of a product is the difference between the selling price and the cost of making the product.
 - For example, if you spend \$5 on the supplies to create 1 delicious sandwich, and you sell the 1 sandwich for \$8, then the markup is \$3.



Verbal Model to Algebraic Model

- We can create mathematical models to represent relationships between variables.
- Verbal Model:

$$\begin{pmatrix} Selling \\ Price \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} Product \\ Cost \end{pmatrix} = (Markup)$$

- Algebraic Model: s c = m
- Solve or Evaluate: (\$8) (\$5) = (\$3)



Market Analysis



- Do we have any competitors?
- What are the selling prices of our competitors or of those with similar products?



Marketing Strategy



- Who is your target audience?
 - A target audience is the group you anticipate buying your product/service.
 - Examples: parents, OKC residents, etc.
- How do you plan to promote or advertise your product or service?
- How are you going to make sure that your product or service sells?

Operations Plan



- What does it cost for your business to operate?
- It's the total of **fixed** & **variable costs**.
 - **Fixed costs** are expenses that are not dependent on how many items you sell.
 - Examples: property, insurance, etc.

- Variable costs depend on the number of items you sell.
 - Example: How many sandwiches you sell determines how much money you spend on sandwich supplies.

Financial Plan



If you want a business to be successful, then you need to understand the financial side.

- Are you going to make or lose money?
 - How many items do you need to sell to cover all of your expenses?



Profit and Revenue

Profit is the difference between your revenue and your expenses.
 (*Profit*) = (*Revenue*) - (*Expenses*)

Your revenue is the amount of money your company brings in from selling *n* items, where *n* is the number of items.

$$(Revenue) = \begin{pmatrix} Selling \\ Price \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} Number \\ of Items \end{pmatrix}$$



Profit and Expenses

Your expenses are the sum of your fixed costs and variable costs.

$$(Expenses) = \begin{pmatrix} Fixed \\ Costs \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} Variable \\ Costs \end{pmatrix}$$
$$(Expenses) = \begin{pmatrix} Fixed \\ Costs \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} Product \\ Cost \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} Number \\ of Items \end{pmatrix}$$



Profit and Math Modeling

• (Profit) = (Revenue) - (Expenses) $(Profit) = \begin{pmatrix} Selling \\ Price \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} Number \\ of Items \end{pmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} Fixed \\ Costs \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} Product \\ Cost \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} Number \\ of Items \end{pmatrix} \end{bmatrix}$ P = (s)(n) - [(f) + (c)(n)]



Profit and Breaking Even

- The break-even point is the number of items you need to sell to cover all of your expenses.
- What do you think that means for our profit equation?

$$(Profit) = (Revenue) - (Expenses)$$

