## STOICHIOMETRY RACE

Gram to Gram Conversions

1. Balanced Equation: $2 \mathrm{KClO}_{3} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{KCl}+3 \mathrm{O}_{2}$

What is the mass of A given? $15 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{KClO}_{3}$
Which element/compound(B) are you solving for? $\mathrm{O}_{2}$

| $15 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{KClO}_{3}$ | $1 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{KClO}_{3}$ | $3 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ | $32 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $122.55 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{KClO}_{3}$ | $2 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{KClO}_{3}$ | $1 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ |

Answer: $5.88 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{O}_{2}$
2. Balanced Equation: $4 \mathrm{NH}_{3}+5 \mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow 4 \mathrm{NO}+6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

What is the mass of A given? $30 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{NH}_{3}$
Which element/compound(B) are you solving for? NO


Answer: 52.83 g NO
3. Balanced Equation: $2 \mathrm{Al}+3 \mathrm{Br}_{2} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{AlBr}_{3}$

What is the mass of A given? 50 g Al
Which element/compound(B) are you solving for? $A l B r_{3}$

| 50 g Al | 1 mol Al | $2 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{AlBr}_{3}$ | $266.78 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{AlBr}_{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 26.98 g Al | 2 mol Al | $1 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{AlBr}_{3}$ |

Answer: $494.40 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{AlBr}_{3}$

