## GUIDED NOTES (SAMPLE RESPONSES)

## Vocabulary

- differential equation: an equation that relates an unknown function, $y$, and its derivative(s)

$$
\underbrace{\frac{d y}{d x}}_{\text {slope }}=\underbrace{f(x, y)}_{\text {function in terms of } x^{\prime} \text { s and } y^{\prime} s}
$$

- lineal element: a short line segment drawn through $(x, y)$ with slope $\frac{d y}{d x}$
- slope field (direction field): the graphical representation of a differential equation made up of a collection of lineal elements


## Example Problems

1) Use the given slope field to find the general solution of the differential equation: $\frac{d y}{d x}=\cos x$.


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left.\frac{d y}{d x}\right|_{x=0}=\cos (0)=1 \\
& \left.\frac{d y}{d x}\right|_{x=\frac{\pi}{2}}=\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)=0 \\
& \left.\frac{d y}{d x}\right|_{x=\pi}=\cos (\pi)=-1 \\
& \left.\frac{d y}{d x}\right|_{x=\frac{3 \pi}{2}}=\cos \left(\frac{3 \pi}{2}\right)=0 \\
& \left.\frac{d y}{d x}\right|_{x=2 \pi}=\cos (2 \pi)=1
\end{aligned}
$$

general solution: $y=\sin x+c$
2) Plot the slope field for the differential equation: $\frac{d y}{d x}=x+y$. Sketch a reasonable solution using the initial condition: $(2,0)$.


| $(-2,2) \Rightarrow 0$ | $(-1,2) \Rightarrow 1$ | $(0,2) \Rightarrow 2$ | $(1,2) \Rightarrow 3$ | $(2,2) \Rightarrow 4$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $(-2,1) \Rightarrow-1$ | $(-1,1) \Rightarrow 0$ | $(0,1) \Rightarrow 1$ | $(1,1) \Rightarrow 2$ | $(2,1) \Rightarrow 3$ |
| $(-2,0) \Rightarrow-2$ | $(-1,0) \Rightarrow-1$ | $(0,0) \Rightarrow 0$ | $(1,0) \Rightarrow 1$ | $(2,0) \Rightarrow 2$ |
| $(-2,-1) \Rightarrow-3$ | $(-1,-1) \Rightarrow-2$ | $(0,-1) \Rightarrow-1$ | $(1,-1) \Rightarrow 0$ | $(2,-1) \Rightarrow 1$ |
| $(-2,-2) \Rightarrow-4$ | $(-1,-2) \Rightarrow-3$ | $(0,-2) \Rightarrow-2$ | $(1,-2) \Rightarrow-1$ | $(2,-2) \Rightarrow 0$ |

