#### I HAVE WHO HAS (GROUP 1)

#### START

#### I have [straw poll].

A straw poll is an unofficial vote, often conducted prior to a caucus or primary, which gives a candidate and their campaign staff an idea of how the majority of citizens in a state will vote.

#### Who has [favorability]?

#### I have [electorate].

An electorate is the group of people in a country or an area who have the right to vote.

Who has [city council]?

#### l have [favorability].

Favorability is the extent to which someone or something is liked and approved of by people.

### Who has [electorate]?

### I have [city council].

A city council is a group of elected individuals that make laws for a city and help govern it.

> Who has...? FINISH



#### I HAVE WHO HAS (GROUP 2)

### START

## I have [swing state].

A swing state is a state where none of the candidates can be guaranteed elector support during a U.S. presidential election.

## Who has [electoral college]?

### I have [delegates].

Delegates are people who are chosen or elected to represent the views of a group of people and vote and make decisions for them.

Who has [popular vote]?

# I have [electoral college].

The electoral college is a process in which officials known as electors submit votes for a presidential candidate on behalf of the electorate they represent. Each state has a number of electors equal to the number of politicians that serve that state in Congress.

## Who has [delegates]?

### I have [popular vote].

The popular vote is the choice expressed in an election by the majority of people who vote (but which may not necessarily determine who wins the election, depending on the system used).

> Who has...? FINISH



**DECODING DEMOCRACY** 

#### I HAVE WHO HAS (GROUP 3)

### START

# I have [voter registration].

Voter registration can take place when an eligible individual meets the necessary conditions within a state to register to vote.

# Who has [issues campaign]?

# I have [smear campaign].

A smear campaign is an effort in which negative advertising is used to ruin the reputation of a public figure or political candidate.

# Who has [political fundraiser]?

# I have [issues campaign].

Issues or advertising campaigns are a series of messages used to share an idea or message. Politicians often use these messages to appeal to voters and gain support.

# Who has [smear campaign]?

# I have [political fundraiser].

A political fundraiser is an event at which guests contribute money for the campaign of a candidate they support.

> Who has...? FINISH



#### I HAVE WHO HAS (GROUP 4)

#### **START** I have [primary]. I have [rally]. A rally is an event at which A primary is an election in people gather to show which people in a particular support for a candidate area vote to choose a and/or the political party of candidate for a future which the candidate is a important election. member. Who has [caucus]? Who has [primary]? I have [caucus]. I have [state A caucus is a meeting of the members or leaders of a political party to choose

Who has [state legislature]?

candidates or to decide

policy.

## legislature].

A state legislature is a group of elected representatives that are responsible for making laws for the state.

> Who has...? **FINISH**

