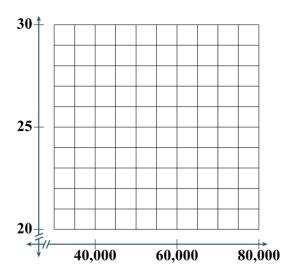
DATA EXPLORATION

Dataset 1: Income and Obesity Rates

 The *income rate* is the average amount of money earned per year by individuals or households in a given area.

•	The <i>obesity rate</i> is the percentage of
	adults, aged 18 years or older, in a
	given area who have obesity.

Income Rate (\$)	Obesity Rate (%)
35,000	28.5
40,000	27.3
45,000	26.8
50,000	25.9
55,000	24.7
60,000	23.2
65,000	22.1
70,000	21.6
75,000	20.8



- 1) Plot the data to create a scatter plot. Let the income rate be the *x*-value and the obesity rate be the *y*-value. What trend do you notice in the data?
- 2) Input the data into your calculator and then use your calculator to find the line of best fit (linear regression model). Record the following values.

(slope)
$$a$$
:

(*y*-intercept) **b**:

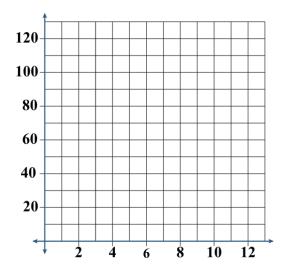
(correlation coefficient) r:

- 3) Use these values (from Step 2) to sketch the line of best fit.
- 4) Do you think this line is an accurate representation of the data? Why or why not?

Dataset 2: Days and Number of Zombies

- The *days* are the number of days since the infection began in town.
- The number of zombies is the quantity of zombies in town counted before the sun goes down.

Days	Number of Zombies
0	2
2	4
4	8
6	16
8	32
10	64
12	128



- 1) Plot the data to create a scatter plot. Let the days be the x-value and the number of zombies be the y-value. What trend do you notice in the data?
- 2) Input the data into your calculator and then use your calculator to find the line of best fit (linear regression model). Record the following values.

- 3) Use these values (from Step 2) to sketch the line of best fit.
- 4) Do you think this line is an accurate representation of the data? Why or why not?