Ethos, Logos, Pathos
Persuading Your Audience

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Grade Level 10th – 11th Grade
Subject English/Language Arts
Time Frame 3-4 class period(s)
Duration 180 minutes

Essential Question
What techniques do speakers and writers use to persuade their audiences?

Summary
In this lesson, students become familiar with identifying, locating, and analyzing persuasive techniques in writing and multimodal compositions, including their own, by examining the ways in which commercials and infomercials employ these techniques. Using their new knowledge, students will write a persuasive essay, intentionally applying the appeals of ethos, logos, and pathos in order to persuade to their audiences.

Snapshot
Engage
Students view commercials and discuss persuasive techniques using the Sticky Bars instructional strategy.

Explore
Students work through a Magnetic Statements activity where they state their opinions related to statements about persuasive techniques.

Explain
Students watch an instructional video focusing on persuasive techniques and revisit the Magnetic Statements activity in order to determine if, how, and why (or why not) their opinions changed.

Extend
Students will view infomercials to examine how they employ persuasive techniques. Students will have the option of creating their own infomercials using persuasive appeals: ethos, logos, pathos, and various infomercial persuasive techniques.

Evaluate
Students will write persuasive essays, taking into account ethos, logos, and pathos in order to appeal to their audience.

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Standards

Oklahoma Academic Standards for English Language Arts (Grade 10)

10.3.R.5: Students will distinguish among different kinds of evidence (e.g., logical, empirical, anecdotal) used to support conclusions and arguments in texts.

10.4.W.2: Students will select appropriate language to create a specific effect according to purpose in writing.

10.7.R.1: Students will analyze techniques used to achieve the intended rhetorical purposes in written, oral, visual, digital, non-verbal, and interactive texts to generate and answer interpretive and applied questions to create new understandings.

11.4.W.2: Students will select appropriate language to create a specific effect according to purpose in writing.

Attachments

- Lesson-Slides-Ethos-Logos-Pathos.pptx
- Magnetic-Statement-Note-Catcher-Ethos-Logos-Pathos.docx
- Magnetic-Statement-Note-Catcher-Ethos-Logos-Pathos.pdf
- Magnetic-Statements-Ethos-Logos-Pathos.docx
- Magnetic-Statements-Ethos-Logos-Pathos.pdf

Materials

- Lesson Slides - Ethos, Logos, Pathos (attached)
- Magnetic Statements—Ethos, Logos, Pathos (attached, print one copy for display)
- Magnetic Statement Note Catcher—Ethos, Logos, Pathos (attached, one per student)
- Writing materials: pen, pencil, paper, etc.
- Sticky notes
- Computer with Internet access to view linked commercials and infomercials

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Engage

Teacher's Note: Sticky Bars

Give each student three sticky notes to use for this activity. Show each video and ask students to identify three things they notice (one per sticky note) about the persuasive techniques used in the commercials.

Using the Lesson Slides, introduce students to the essential question on slide 3 and the learning objectives on slide 4.

Show slides 5-7 in sequence.

1. Volunteers of America Stats commercial (slide 5)
2. Nationwide Our Promise commercial (slide 6)
3. Coca-Cola Brotherly Love commercial (slide 7)

Using the Sticky Bars instructional strategy, have students place their sticky notes on the board or wall, creating a real-time bar graph of answers. Ask them to group identical or similar ideas vertically in order to create the bar graph.

Show slide 8. Engage students in a whole-class discussion about the persuasive techniques they notice in the commercials.

Have students discuss similarities and differences in their responses, looking particularly at responses that show up frequently. Point out to them that high vertical bars reflect similar conclusions.

Ask students to discuss how persuasive each commercial is and what strategies make each commercial effective. Have the class identify demographic groups targeted by each commercial. Have them analyze target audiences regarding age, group, gender, and other characteristics that might be relevant.

Distance Learning Note

To make use of this activity in an online or distance learning environment, have students include their responses in an application such as Google Docs or Padlet. You might also consider making this activity a discussion board post to which students can respond directly. Download all attachments to use this lesson in Google Classroom.
**Explore**

**Teacher's Note**

Review the [Magnetic Statements](#) strategy card. Print the [Persuasion Magnetic Statements](#) handout. Post the statements around the room. Pay attention to beliefs and attitudes of students at this point early in the lesson.

Show **slide 9**. Give students a few minutes to walk around the room and consider each statement. As students reflect on the statements, ask them to stand by one that attracts them the most. Have students discuss their choices with the other students who chose the same statement. Ask students to select a representative from each group to describe what about the statement attracted the group.

**Distance Learning Note**

To make the Magnetic Statements activity accessible in an online or distance learning environment, consider using a website such as [VoiceThread](#) or [Flipgrid](#). This can allow students to connect and participate virtually. Upload the statements ahead of time. Students can choose whether they would like to make a quick video, a voice memo, or a written note in which they share why they were attracted to or repelled by a particular statement. Download all attachments to use this lesson in Google Classroom.

[https://learn.k20center.ou.edu/lesson/497?rev=9037](https://learn.k20center.ou.edu/lesson/497?rev=9037)
Explain

**Teacher's Note: Ethos, Pathos, Logos**

Explain to students the three classical appeals discussed in the video, *Ethos, Pathos & Logos*.

- **Ethos** appeal depends on the authority or credibility of the persuader;
- **Pathos** appeal touches the emotions of the audience;
- **Logos** appeal uses reason or facts and figures.

After students have completed the Magnetic Statements activity, ask them to return to their seats in preparation for a short instructional video, *Ethos, Pathos & Logos*. Pass out the Magnetic Statement Note Catcher handout to students.

Show slide 10. The instructional video discusses persuasive appeals, including ethos, logos, and pathos.

Ask students to think about their previous conversations during the Magnetic Statements activity as they watch the video. Have them make notes on their Note Catchers to assist them in understanding these classical appeals (ethos, pathos, and logos).

After the video, show slide 11. Ask students to complete a second round of Magnetic Statements. Have them select a statement different from their first choice. Once they have selected their statements, have them discuss with their peers if/how/why their opinion changed after watching the *Ethos, Pathos, & Logos* video.

Allow sufficient time for substantive conversation. During the small-group and whole-class conversations, ask students to focus specifically on the concepts of ethos, logos, and pathos addressed in the video.

Show slide 12, the *Perfect Bacon Bowl* infomercial. Have students examine the persuasive techniques applied in the video.

As students watch the infomercial, ask them to jot down the instances of persuasion they observe. Have them identify persuasive techniques and appeals they notice by name. Refer to their previous discussions. Have students share out what they noticed about the infomercial.
Extend

**Teacher's Note: Persuasive Techniques and Appeals**

Be sure students are aware of the concepts that are related specifically to infomercial persuasive techniques. Explain that *ethos, logos, and pathos* are types of appeals that underlie all persuasion. The list below is a list of techniques that can be used to support one or more of the appeals.

Slides 13-17 introduce each technique separately:

- Testimonial
- Case study
- Magnified problem
- Repetition
- Scarcity
- Call to Action

Show *slides 13-18*. Have a whole-class discussion about various persuasive techniques and appeals. Below is a list of techniques that can be used to support one or more of the appeals:

- Testimonials
- Case studies
- Magnified problem
- Repetition
- Scarcity
- Call to Action

Show *slide 19*. Ask students to watch the video *Breathe Right*. Have them point out specific instances of infomercial persuasive techniques they have identified in earlier discussions and examined in the *Ethos, Pathos & Logos* video.

**Distance Learning Note**

You may consider delivering the Extend part of the lesson on an application such as Nearpod. To make use of this activity in an online or distance learning environment, have the students brainstorm as a group in an application like Google Docs or Padlet. You might also consider making this activity a discussion board post to which students can respond directly. Download all attachments to use this lesson in Google Classroom.
**Teacher's Note: Infomercial Activity (Optional)**

As an optional activity, consider having students create their own infomercials. If you choose this activity, assign students to groups and instruct them to create their own original infomercial. The instructions for this activity are found on slide 20.

Have students create an item or a service they would like to sell and then create an infomercial selling the product or service. Instruct them to write a script in which all group members play a role. Ask them to create a visual design and name for their product or service. Allow ample time for students to create and practice the infomercial to present to the whole class.

Once the infomercial has been developed, have the groups present their infomercials to the whole class.

Show slide 21 before students make their presentations. Advise them that each presentation will be evaluated based on classmates' verbal feedback to each group. Assign students to note particular instances of persuasive appeals: ethos, logos, pathos, and specific infomercial persuasive appeals.
Evaluate

Show slide 22. Ask students to reflect on their projects and imagine how they can transfer these principles to their own writing. Have them draft a persuasive essay in which they use ethos, logos, and pathos to appeal to their audience.

**Teacher's Note: Persuasive Essays**

Students will need some information about persuasive essays as background information. Some may already know what a persuasive essay is. Others may not. Oklahoma Standards identify a persuasive essay as one that "actively campaigns for one perspective (the writer's) to be "right" as he/she wants the audience to agree with him/her. The writer who is trying to persuade his/her audience will be more aggressive in his/her attempt to 'sell' to that audience."

Like essays in general, persuasive essays include an introduction, a body, and a conclusion. Persuasive essays are similar to argumentative essays, but the difference is in the amount of research completed by the author on both sides of the argument.

In an argumentative essay, the counterargument is well-researched and discussed in the essay. Persuasive essays focus only on one side of the issue. Encourage students to choose topics they are familiar with in an effort to reduce the amount of research required for the assignment.

**Distance Learning Note**

Consider having students respond to this question in a discussion board post or through the use of an application such as VoiceThread or Flipgrid. Download all attachments to use in Google Classroom:

What is the purpose of a persuasive essay?
  https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5kJujVnWZEs
  https://www.naturalnews.com/028624_pharmas_drugss.html
• Castle Communication Systems. (2012). Maple Place Dental Centre. [Photograph]. 
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• Direct Mobiles UK. (n.d.). Customer Testimonial on TrustPilot. [Image]. 
  https://search.creativecommons.org/photos/5577f5bf-f36e-416f-9a84-95506481bf92rg
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  http://elaokframework.pbworks.com/w/page/115464142/10th%20Grade%20ELA%20Standards
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  https://www.flickr.com/photos/17842909@N00/8456609735
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  Rome. [Image]. Flickr. https://www.flickr.com/photos/33563858@N00/6954706416
  https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VtBGKw7pZ54