



Lifted by Legacy, Moving with Meaning

Forces and Motion



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Grade Level 8th – 9th Grade

Subject Science

Course Physical Science

Essential Question

In what ways do Newton's Laws of Motion apply to movements and games rooted in ancestral heritage and traditions?

Summary

In this lesson, students explore Newton's Laws of Motion through the lens of the Native Youth Olympics. By engaging in movement-based science stations and analyzing force, mass, and acceleration, students connect physics concepts to ancestral heritage and traditions. The lesson culminates with student-designed games that reflect how students integrate scientific understanding with ancestral heritage.

Snapshot

Engage

Students watch a video on the Native Youth Olympics and complete a Preflection to capture their initial thoughts on its ancestral heritage and scientific connections.

Explore

Students rotate through stations to investigate Newton's Laws of Motion, observing and analyzing forces in action.

Explain

Students create force diagrams and presentations connecting their observations to Newton's Second and Third Laws, sharing findings in a gallery walk with peer questions.

Extend

Students design and present an original movement-based game inspired by ancestral heritage that integrates Newton's Laws.

Evaluate

Students revisit and expand their initial Preflections, demonstrating deeper understanding of the ancestral heritage and scientific concepts learned.

Standards

ACT College and Career Readiness Standards - Science (6-12)

IOD304: Determine how the values of variables change as the value of another variable changes in a simple data presentation

SIN502: Predict the results of an additional trial or measurement in an experiment

EMI401: Determine which simple hypothesis, prediction, or conclusion is, or is not, consistent with a data presentation, model, or piece of information in text

Next Generation Science Standards (Grades 6, 7, 8)

MS-PS2-1: Apply Newton's Third Law to design a solution to a problem involving the motion of two colliding objects.

MS-PS2-2: Plan an investigation to provide evidence that the change in an object's motion depends on the sum of the forces on the object and the mass of the object.

Next Generation Science Standards (Grades 6, 7, 8)

HS-PS2-1: Analyze data to support the claim that Newton's second law of motion describes the mathematical relationship among the net force on a macroscopic object, its mass, and its acceleration.

HS-PS2-3: Apply scientific and engineering ideas to design, evaluate, and refine a device that minimizes the force on a macroscopic object during a collision.

Oklahoma Academic Standards for Science (Grade 8)

8.PS2.1: Apply Newton's Third Law to design a solution to a problem involving the motion of two colliding objects in a system.

8.PS2.2: Plan an investigation to provide evidence that the change in an object's motion depends on the sum of the forces on the object and the mass of the object.

Oklahoma Academic Standards for Science (Grade 8)

PS.PS2.3: Apply scientific and engineering ideas to design, evaluate, and refine a device that minimizes the force on a macroscopic object during a collision.

PH.PS2.1: Analyze and interpret data to support the claim that Newton's second law of motion describes the mathematical relationship among the net force on a macroscopic object, its mass, and its acceleration.

Attachments

- [Design Guidelines—Lifted By Legacy - Spanish.docx](#)
- [Design Guidelines—Lifted By Legacy - Spanish.pdf](#)
- [Design Guidelines—Lifted By Legacy.docx](#)
- [Design Guidelines—Lifted By Legacy.pdf](#)
- [Lesson Slides—Lifted By Legacy.pptx](#)
- [Preflections—Lifted By Legacy - Spanish.docx](#)
- [Preflections—Lifted By Legacy - Spanish.pdf](#)
- [Preflections—Lifted By Legacy.docx](#)
- [Preflections—Lifted By Legacy.pdf](#)
- [Station Guide—Lifted By Legacy - Spanish.docx](#)
- [Station Guide—Lifted By Legacy - Spanish.pdf](#)
- [Station Guide—Lifted By Legacy.docx](#)
- [Station Guide—Lifted By Legacy.pdf](#)
- [Wrist Carry Images—Lifted By Legacy.docx](#)
- [Wrist Carry Images—Lifted By Legacy.pdf](#)

Materials

- Lesson Slides (attached)
- Preflections handout (attached; one per student; print one-sided)

- Station Guide handout (attached; one per student; print one-sided)
- Wrist Carry Images handout (attached; one copy for one station)
- Design Guidelines handout (attached; one per group)
- Post-it Notes (two stacks per group)
- *Native Youth Olympic Games 2024* video ([linked](#))
- *Inuit Stick Pull* video ([linked](#))
- *Seal Hop* video ([linked](#))
- *Scissor Broad Jump* video ([linked](#))
- *Kneel Jump* video ([linked](#))
- *Wrist Carry* video ([linked](#))

15 minutes

Engage

Begin by using the attached **Lesson Slides** to review the essential question and learning objectives on **slides 3–4**.

Display **slide 5** and pass out the attached **Preflections** handout to each student. Review the Preflections instructional strategy. Ask students to look over the following questions but not answer them yet:

- What do you think you will be learning about?
- How do you think it might be connected to science concepts such as Newton's Laws?
- What questions do you have after watching the video?

Ask students if they have ever heard of the Native Youth Olympics (NYO). Explain that this is an event that takes place annually in Alaska to honor the ancestral heritage and traditions of Alaskan Native communities.

Move to **slide 6** and play the following video for students:

- [Native Games: Origins](#)

Embedded video

<https://youtube.com/watch?v=TvpAREkxGlg>

Encourage the students to think about the questions while watching the video. Once the video is complete, move to **slide 7** and review the Preflection questions with students again. Begin the five-minute timer and have students respond to the questions on their handout. While the students write down their answers, walk around the room to offer help and guidance as needed.

Tell students that you will revisit these questions again at the end of the lesson. Collect the Preflections handouts when the students are finished.

60 minutes

Explore

Pass out the attached **Station Guide** handout to each student. Place students into groups of 3–4. Tell students that they will participate in six different stations. Additionally, explain to them that the first station will be completed as a class, but they will rotate through the remaining stations in their groups.

Display **slide 8** and direct students' attention to their Station Guide handout and tell them that they will complete "Station 1: Native Youth Olympic Games 2024" as a whole class. Review the S-I-T instructional strategy with students. Explain that as they watch a video about the Native Youth Olympics, they should pay close attention to what stands out.

Move to **slide 9** and play the following video:

- [Native Youth Olympic Games 2024](#)

Embedded video

https://youtube.com/watch?v=3lJ4kTAHcv4?si=61mkctb6CEI_h5z-

The students need to observe the differences in effort required to lift each type of student and discuss how mass affects the amount of force needed.

Students should review the images provided on the attached **Wrist Carry Images** handout.

Questions to answer:

1. Which body type would require the most force to lift and why?
2. How does this connect to Newton's Second Law? ($F=ma$)?
3. What variables could be adjusted to increase or decrease the difficulty?

50 minutes

Explain

Display **slide 11** and ask students to scan the provided QR code and review the different NYO games and events. There are enough events that no groups should have the same one. To avoid duplicates, consider asking each group to announce their chosen event.

Move to **slide 12** or **slide 13** depending on the grade level you are teaching. Ask each group to create a poster or digital slide over their event that includes the following:

8th Grade Students:

1. Draw and label a force diagram that shows the forces acting on the athlete during the movement. Include the direction of forces and label the applied force, gravitational force, normal force, and friction (if relevant).
2. A brief explanation (4-6 sentences) connecting the diagram to Newton's Laws.
 - Use Newton's Third Law to describe the action-reaction forces involved in the movement.
Example: The athlete pushes down on the ground, and the ground pushes up with an equal and opposite force.
 - Use Newton's Second Law to explain how the athlete's mass and net force affect their motion.
Example: A stronger push or smaller mass leads to faster motion.

High School Students:

1. Draw and label a force diagram showing the net force acting on the athlete during the event. Identify and label: All external forces and the direction of acceleration.
2. Analyze how the net force and the athlete's mass affected their motion using Newton's Second Law. ($F=ma$). Example: If the athlete applied more force with the same mass, they accelerated more.
3. Describe how you might design or modify something in the event (like the landing surface or footwear) to reduce the force on the athlete's body during a collision or landing. Example: Adding padding to reduce impact force.

Allow up to 30 minutes for the groups to create their poster or digital slide.

Move to **slide 14** and pass out two small stacks of Post-it notes, ensuring that each group receives two different colors. Review the [Gallery Walk](#) instructional strategy and explain to students that they will move as a group to review their classmates' presentations. Tell groups that they will be using one of the colored Post-it notes to pose a question about presentations and the other colored Post-it should be used for any comments about the presentations. Groups are to write at least one question and one comment for each presentation. Allow groups 10-15 minutes to participate in the Gallery Walk activity.

Allow the groups to look over the questions placed on their poster. Allow groups a few minutes to respond to any questions and comments posed about their presentation. Make sure someone is holding up their poster (or make sure their digital slide is displayed) while the group is answering the questions.

45 minutes

Extend

Keep students in their small groups. Display **slide 15** and explain that they will design an original, movement-based game inspired by ancestral heritage. Pass out the **Design Guidelines** handout to each group and review it with the class.

Tell students that they can do any of the following to design a new game or event inspired by the Native Youth Olympics:

- Modify a current NYO event.
- Select a movement from your own ancestral heritage.
- Create your own movement-based activity inspired by ancestral heritage.

Move to **slide 16** and let students know that the goal is to create a movement-based game that connects to ancestral heritage and science. Their game should show respect for ancestral traditions and include examples of Newton's Laws of Motion. They should be able to explain how their event involves force, mass, acceleration, and/or action-reaction forces. The game must include at least one moment where two objects interact or collide (such as an athlete and the ground, equipment, or another player), and you must explain the action-reaction force pair involved.

Tell them that they'll present their event in class, where they'll show how it's played, explain the science behind it, and share the ancestral heritage or story that inspired it

Allow groups time to work on their event. Circulate the room and offer support and guidance as needed.

Once students have completed their assignment, allow time for each group to present their event to the class. They will need to explain the movements, provide a scientific explanation, and share the ancestral heritage or story behind it.

5 minutes

Evaluate

To wrap up the lesson, return to the Preflection strategy you introduced at the beginning. By now, students have experienced the full depth of the lesson, from watching the *Native Games: Origins* video to engaging in hands-on stations and analyzing the science behind movement. They should now have a much deeper understanding of the Native Youth Olympics, both in terms of ancestral heritage and science.

Display **slide 17** and pass the original Preflection handouts back to the students. Let them know they will now revisit their earlier responses. Encourage them to read what they originally wrote and reflect on how their thinking has changed or deepened. Ask students to add, revise, or expand on their answers using what they've learned throughout the lesson.

Resources

- K20 Center. (n.d.). Gallery walk/carousel. Strategies. <https://learn.k20center.ou.edu/strategy/118>
- K20 Center. (n.d.). Preflections. Strategies. <https://learn.k20center.ou.edu/strategy/191>
- K20 Center. (n.d.). S-I-T (Surprising, interesting, troubling). Strategies. <https://learn.k20center.ou.edu/strategy/926>
- K20 Center. (2021, Sept. 21). *K20 Center 5 minute timer* [Video]. YouTube. https://youtu.be/EVS_yYQoLJg?si=4VHb4BWfyxBSvfqU
- CITC Alaska. (2019a, February 4). *How to: Eskimo Stick Pull* [Video]. YouTube. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v1k9mEuEAE>
- CITC Alaska. (2019d, February 5). *How to: Kneel Jump* [Video]. YouTube. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gW8qyJlrtdA>
- CITC Alaska. (2019d, February 5). *How to: Seal Hop* [Video]. YouTube. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=l6l27wrMPZ4>
- CITC Alaska. (2019d, February 5). *How to: Scissor Broad Jump* [Video]. YouTube. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jBLdTXabGDI>
- CITC Alaska. (2019g, February 5). *How to: Wrist Carry* [Video]. YouTube. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eJlbNz9jwnI>
- CITC Alaska. (2019b, February 4). *Native Games: Origins* [Video]. YouTube. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TvpAREkxGlg>
- Native Voice One. (2024, June 10). *Native Youth Olympic Games 2024* [Video]. YouTube. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3lJ4kTAHcv4>